Introduced by Assembly Member Cogdill

(Coauthor: Senator Florez)

February 21, 2003

An act to amend Section 1091 of the Government Code, relating to conflicts of interest.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1208, as introduced, Cogdill. Conflicts of interest.

Existing law prohibits certain public officials and employees from being financially interested in any contract made by them in their official capacity, or by any board of which they are members. An officer is not deemed to be interested in a contract entered into by a body or board of which the officer is a member if the officer has only a remote interest in the contract and other requirements are met. A remote interest is required to be publicly disclosed, and thereafter the public body may authorize, approve, or ratify the contract in question, but the officer or employee with the remote interest is disqualified from voting.

This bill additional would define as a remote interest that interest of a person who has a financial interest in a contract, if (1) the person is a board member of a special district serving a population of less than 5,000 that is either a landowner voter district or an irrigation district meeting specified criteria, (2) the contract is for either the operation, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the district's property or facilities or the acquisition of property for the district, and meets specified criteria, (3) the person did not participate in the formulation of the contract on behalf of the district, and (4) at a public meeting, the

AB 1208 — 2 —

3

4

10 11

12 13

14

15 16

17 18

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

28

governing body of the district, after review of written documentation, determines that the contract is in the best interests of the district.

This bill also would provide that, if a party to any proceeding challenges any fact or matter required to qualify as a remote interest under these provisions relating to a special district, the district shall bear the burden of proving this fact or matter.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1091 of the Government Code is 2 amended to read:

1091. (a) An officer shall not be deemed to be interested in a contract entered into by a body or board of which the officer is a member within the meaning of this article if the officer has only a remote interest in the contract and if the fact of that interest is disclosed to the body or board of which the officer is a member and noted in its official records, and thereafter the body or board authorizes, approves, or ratifies the contract in good faith by a vote of its membership sufficient for the purpose without counting the vote or votes of the officer or member with the remote interest.

- (b) As used in this article, "remote interest" means any of the following:
- (1) That of an officer or employee of a nonprofit corporation, except as provided in paragraph (8) of subdivision (a) of Section 1091.5.
- (2) That of an employee or agent of the contracting party, if the contracting party has 10 or more other employees and if the officer was an employee or agent of that contracting party for at least three years prior to the officer initially accepting his or her office and the officer owns less than 3 percent of the shares of stock of the contracting party; and the employee or agent is not an officer or director of the contracting party and did not directly participate in formulating the bid of the contracting party.

For purposes of this paragraph, time of employment with the contracting party by the officer shall be counted in computing the three-year period specified in this paragraph even though the contracting party has been converted from one form of business organization to a different form of business organization within

__ 3 __ AB 1208

three years of the initial taking of office by the officer. Time of employment in that case shall be counted only if, after the transfer or change in organization, the real or ultimate ownership of the contracting party is the same or substantially similar to that which existed before the transfer or change in organization. For purposes of this paragraph, stockholders, bondholders, partners, or other persons holding an interest in the contracting party are regarded as having the "real or ultimate ownership" of the contracting party.

- (3) That of an employee or agent of the contracting party, if all of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The agency of which the person is an officer is a local public agency located in a county with a population of less than 4,000,000.
- (B) The contract is competitively bid and is not for personal services.
- (C) The employee or agent is not in a primary management capacity with the contracting party, is not an officer or director of the contracting party, and holds no ownership interest in the contracting party.
 - (D) The contracting party has 10 or more other employees.
- (E) The employee or agent did not directly participate in formulating the bid of the contracting party.
 - (F) The contracting party is the lowest responsible bidder.
- (4) That of a parent in the earnings of his or her minor child for personal services.
 - (5) That of a landlord or tenant of the contracting party.
- (6) That of an attorney of the contracting party or that of an owner, officer, employee, or agent of a firm which that renders, or has rendered, service to the contracting party in the capacity of stockbroker, insurance agent, insurance broker, real estate agent, or real estate broker, if these individuals have not received and will not receive remuneration, consideration, or a commission as a result of the contract and if these individuals have an ownership interest of 10 percent or more in the law practice or firm, stock brokerage firm, insurance firm, or real estate firm.
- (7) That of a member of a nonprofit corporation formed under the Food and Agricultural Code or a nonprofit corporation formed under the Corporations Code for the sole purpose of engaging in the merchandising of agricultural products or the supplying of water.

AB 1208 — 4 —

(8) That of a supplier of goods or services when those goods or services have been supplied to the contracting party by the officer for at least five years prior to his or her election or appointment to office.

- (9) That of a person subject to the provisions of Section 1090 in any contract or agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of the California Land Conservation Act of 1965.
- (10) Except as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 1091.5, that of a director of or a person having an ownership interest of 10 percent or more in a bank, bank holding company, or savings and loan association with which a party to the contract has a relationship of borrower or depositor, debtor or creditor.
- (11) That of an engineer, geologist, or architect employed by a consulting engineering or architectural firm. This paragraph applies only to an employee of a consulting firm who does not serve in a primary management capacity, and does not apply to an officer or director of a consulting firm.
- (12) That of an elected officer otherwise subject to Section 1090, in any housing assistance payment contract entered into pursuant to Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1437f) as amended, provided that the housing assistance payment contract was in existence before Section 1090 became applicable to the officer and will be renewed or extended only as to the existing tenant, or, in a jurisdiction in which the rental vacancy rate is less than 5 percent, as to new tenants in a unit previously under a Section 8 contract. This section applies to any person who became a public official on or after November 1, 1986.
- (13) That of a person receiving salary, per diem, or reimbursement for expenses from a government entity.
- (14) That of a person who has a financial interest in a contract, if all of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The agency of which the person is a board member is a special district serving a population of less than 5,000 that is either of the following:
 - (i) A landowner voter district, as defined in Section 56050.
- (ii) An irrigation district formed pursuant to Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 205000) of Part 1 of Division 11 of the Water Code, where the primary purpose is the distribution of water for farming and the district provides no other general public services.

__ 5 __ AB 1208

(B) The contract is for either of the following:

- (i) The operation, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the district's property or facilities. The contract will result in materially less expense to the district than the expense that would result under reasonably available alternatives and review of those alternatives is documented in records available for public inspection.
- (ii) The acquisition of property that the governing board of the district has determined is necessary for the district to carry out its functions at a price not exceeding the value of the property, as determined in a record available for public inspection by an appraiser who is a member of a recognized organization of appraisers.
- (C) The person did not participate in the formulation of the contract on behalf of the district.
- (D) At a public meeting, the governing body of the district, after review of written documentation, determines that the contract is in the best interests of the district.
- (c) This section is not applicable to any officer interested in a contract who influences or attempts to influence another member of the body or board of which he or she is a member to enter into the contract.
- (d) The willful failure of an officer to disclose the fact of his or her interest in a contract pursuant to this section is punishable as provided in Section 1097. That violation does not void the contract unless the contracting party had knowledge of the fact of the remote interest of the officer at the time the contract was executed.
- (e) If a party to any proceeding challenges any fact or matter required by subparagraph (B), (C), or (D) to qualify as a remote interest under paragraph (14), the district shall bear the burden of proving this fact or matter.